

आयुक्त (अपील) का कार्यालय, Office of the Commissioner (Appeal),

केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील आयुक्तालय, अहमदाबाद Central GST, Appeal Commissionerate, Ahmedabad जीएसटी भदन, राजस्व मार्ग, अन्बावादी अहमदाबाद २,०००६, OSST Bhavun, Zevenue Marg, Ambavacii, Ahmedabad 380015 20 07926305055-



DIN: 20231064SW00009909D3

स्पीड पोस्ट

क पाइन संख्या : File No : GAPPL/COM/STP/1498/2023-APPEA/ 7 र 2% ~ 3 2

য অ গাণীন গাণ্ডা শানুয়া Order-In-Appeal Nos. AHM-EXCUS-002-APP-122/2023-24

दिनोंक Date : 25-10-2023 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue 30.10.2023 आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारिश

Passed by Shri Shiv Pratap Singh, Commissioner (Appeals)

T Arising out of Order-in-Original No. 247/AC/DEMAND/22-23 বিশীল:30.11.2022 , Issued by The Assistant Commissioner, CGST Division-I, Ahmedabad North

य अपीलकर्ता का नाम एवं पता Name & Address

1. Appellant

Mls.Mukeshkumar Baldevbhai Patel,E-201, Shukun City,Opp. Aaryavilla Flat, New Ranip,Ahmedabad - 382470

Respondent

The Assistant Commissioner, CGST Division-I, Ahmedabad North, Ground Floor, Jivabhai Mansion, Ashram Road, Ahmedabad-380009

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील आदेश से उसतीय अनुभव करता है तो यह इस आदेश के प्रति यधारियति नीये बताए गए सक्ता अधिकारी को अपील का पुनरीक्षण आदेश प्रस्तुत कर सकता है। Any person aggrieved by this Order-In-Appeal may lie an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority the following way:

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन : Revision application to Government of India :

(१) केन्द्रीय वस्तादन शुरूक अभिनियम, 1994 की धारा अत्रत शीध बताए गए मामतों के बारे में पृशोबत बारा को वस-बारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गड पुनरीक्षम आजेदन अधीन सथिव, मारत सरकार, वित्त मंजलस्य, यज्जल विभाग, सीधी मंजिल, जीवन दीव भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली: 110001 को की जानी वाकिंग।

(i) A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 OUT under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 lbid :

(9) यदि माल की हानि के नामले में जब ऐसी डानि कारखाने से किसी मण्डानार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डामार से दूसरे मण्डामार में माल से जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी गण्डामार या भण्डार में चाहे यह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डामार में हो माल की प्रक्रिया के दौरान हुई हो।

(ii) In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warshouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.



- (A) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside india of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.
- (a) यदि शुक्क का मुनतान किए बिना शास्त के बाहर (नेवल या गूटान को) निर्धात किया गया मास हो।
- In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

अधिन उत्पादन की उत्पादन सुरक्त के पुणवान के लिए जो उद्भूष्टी जेकिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस सात एसे निवल के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अधीत के इत्तर चारित वो दानव पर या बाद में किता अधिनियम (मं.ट) 1986 पत्त 1987 आप निवलत किए गर्ज थे

- (c) Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec. 109 of the Finance (No.2) Act. 1988.

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. E.A.9. as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against its communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OLO and Order-In-Appeal. It also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of the Challan evidencing payment of the

(2) विविध्या आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संस्तान रुक्त तक एक लाख कान्ये या उससे कन हो शो कपये 200/- कीस भुगतान की चाए और पाडौँ संस्तान रुक्त एक लाख से ज्वाचा को तो 1000/- की वरित पृथ्वान की वाए ।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lsc or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lsc.

सीमा भुस्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुस्क एवं सेवाकर अधितीय न्यायाधिकाम के श्रीर श्रमीतः-Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

कंग्रीय उत्पादन शुरुक अधिनियम, 1944 की शास 25-वी/35-इ के अंतर्गत:-

. Under Section 35B/ 35E of CEA, 1944 an appeal lies to :-

- (क) जलातिकित परिचर्धे २ (१) क में बतार अनुसार के जलावा की वर्धील, अधीलों के गामले में शीमा पुरुक, केन्द्रीय उपायतन पुरुक एवं सेवाकर वालीविक व्यावधिकारण (त्रिल्टेट) की परिचन सेत्रीय पीठिका, अकाराबाद में 2⁴⁴ माता, बहुमाली भटन, अस्परया ,गिरप्रतामार, अस्मताबाद 300004
- (a) To the west regional banch of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2nd floor, Bahumali Bhawan, Asarwa, Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad : 380004, in case of appeals other than as mentioned in ports-2(i) (a) above.



The appeal to the Appealant Tribusand shall be filled in quadruplicates in tone EA-3 are presentlyed under this 6 of Central Except Appeal Ruises, 2021 and shall be accompanied against (now which at least should be companied by a five of section of the section

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मुत आदेशों का चम्क्रेश होता है तो झाथेश मुत ओपरा के तिए फीस का पुगतान जर्मपुरत अंग से किया जाना साहित इस तथ्य के होते हुए थी कि हिस्सा पढ़ी कार्य से बचने के दिस यमाध्यिकी अमेरियों न्यामाहित्सन से एक अर्थित सा केन्द्रीय सरकार की एस आवेदन किया जाती हैं।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner notwithstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100f-for each.

(4) न्यावास्य पुरन्त अधिनियन १४७० वथा संस्त्रीस्य की अनुसूत्रीय-1 थे आंतर्गरा निर्वास्ति किए अनुसार एक्ट आवेदण या मूह आवेद्य मार्गास्थ्री निर्मादन प्राधिकारी के आवेश ने से प्रत्येक की एक प्रति पर फ्र.८50 ऐसे का न्यायास्य पहल दिक्त हमा होना खोला?

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन और संबंदित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने चाले निवानों की और भी स्थान आकार्यता क्षेत्रण जाता है जो सीमा सुरक, क्षेत्रीय प्रत्यादन शुरूक एवं शेवाकर अधीलीय न्याआधिकरण (फार्यामिक्रि) निवन, 1982 में निवित है

Attention in invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

7) शीना मुन्क, केनीय चरपादन झुन्क एवं सेवाकर अपीडीय नावाधिकरण (<u>[िएस्टेट</u>), के प्रति अपीतो के मानते में कर्तव्य मीग (Demand) एवं देठ (Penally) का 10% पूर्व बना करना अनिवाद है। हाताकि, अधिकतम पूर्व बना 10 करीत रुपए हैं (Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 60 of the Finance Act, 1984)

केन्द्रीय तत्पद बुल्क और सेवा कर के अंतर्गत, चामिल होगा "कर्तव्य की मांग"(Duty Demanded) -

- (Section) खंड 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि:
- (ii) सिया गरात सेनवैट क्रेसिट की सकि:
- (iii) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देव शकि.

 यह पूर्व जमा 'लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की हुलना में, अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व खर्त बना दिया गया है.

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty. A Density confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit arround shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit as or amount of the filed pre-deposit as filed pre-deposit a

(i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
(ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
(iii) amount roughlo under Bule & of the Count of

(iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules, इस आदेश के प्रति अधील प्रतिकल्प के स्वत्य बढ़ि शुरूक अध्या पुरुष्ट या दास होशादेश हो तो माँग किए गए शुरूक के 10% भुगतान पर और बढ़ि केवल दम्मद विवादित हो वह दम्ब के 10% भुगतान पर की वा सकती हैं।

In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."

ORDER-IN-APPEAL

M/k. Muleschiumar Baldenthal Part, E-301, Sudan Cip, New Rariip, Opp. Apvinlla Flat, Mondada-8-32407 (Dereinfelder referred to 2). Sudan Cip, New Rariip, Opp. Apvinlla Flat, Mondada-8-32407 (Dereinfelder Televier to 1). Sudan Cip (Mondada-1). 2012 (Dereinfelder referred to as "the improper dorifue to 1). The improper of the properties of the Commissioner, Central GST, Division I, Ahmedabed North (Inexistantive and to as "the adjudicating authority). The appellant are hodicing APM No. SESTPHATTY.

2. Befirly stated, the facts of the case are that on the basis of the data received from the Central Board of Direct Traves (CRD) for the Financial Year 2015-16, two noticed that the appellant during the FY 2015-16 had reflected an income of Rs. 30/91.65/- under the heads; CSales / Gross Receips from Services* in the TIR) filled before the Income Tax department on which no services that was discharged, Letters were, therefore, insured to the appellant to explain the reasons for non-payment of tax and to provide certified documentary evidences for said priend. The appellant note by provided any documents nor submitted any prely justifying the non-payment of service tax on such receips. The detail of the income is a under;

Table-A

| EK | Value as per ITR/P & L Account | Service rate | tax | Service Ta liability |
|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----|-------------------------|
| 2015-16 | 30,97,163/- | 14.5% | | 4,49,089/- |

- 2.1 A Show Cause Notice No. STC/AR-1-15-16/UNREG/21-22/259 dated 23.04.2021 was issued proposing Service Tax demand amounting to Re4.49.089; for the period KY 2015-16, under provisio to Section 37(1) of the Finance Act, 1994. Recovery of Interest under Section 75 of the Finance Act, 1994 was disrposition of penalties under Section 77(1) a) and Section 78 of the Finance Act, 1994 were also proposed.
- 2.2 The Show Cause Notice was adjudicated, ex-parts, vide the impugned order by the adjudicating authority wherein the Service Tax chemand amounting to Rs. 4,49,889. was confirmed along with Interest. Penalby of Rs. 4,40,889, under Section 78 and Penalty of Rs. 10,000/- under Section 77(1)(a) of the Finance Act, 1994 was also imposed.
- Being aggrieved with the impugned order, the appellant preferred the present appeal on the following grounds:
 - They claim that during FY 2015-16, they had traded in shares and securities to the turn of Rs. 3037,1627, and had not provided any services as alleged in the impurgued corder. Copy of ledge of share defelowy—Size S. Salair Tading Salair Fäding Salair Tading Salair

- As per provisions of Section 65 B (44) of Finance Act, 1994, 'Service' means any activity carried out by a person for another for consideration, and includes a declared service, but shall not include-(a) an activity which constitutes merely- (ii) such transfer, delivery or supply of any goods which is deemed to be a sale within the meaning of clause (29A) of Article 366 of the Constitution. Further, the term goods is defined in Section 658 (25) wherein "goods" means every kind of movable property other than actionable claim and money; and includes securities, growing crops, grass, and things attached to or forming part of the land which are agreed to be severed before sale or under the contract of sale. Thus, on conjoint reading of above provisions, it can be said that goods includes securities. As the appellant had entered into transactions for sale of shares and securities to the tune of Rs. 30,97,163/- and have not provided any taxable service hence the differential amount was on account of above consideration, which is not a taxable income. Therefore, demand of Rs. 4,49,089/- alongwith interest and penalty is bad in law and liable to be quashed as no taxable service was provided by the Appellant,
- Imposition of penalty under Section 77(1) (a) and Section 78 as relevant provisions of Finance Act, 1994 are not applicable as the demand itself is void ab initio.
- 4. The appellant was granted hearings on 1.108.2023, 21.08.2023 and 11.09.2023. On 11.09.2023 they appeared before the three appellate authority from personal hearing uses granted on 11.109.2023 they appeared for personal hearing uses granted on 11.109.2023, but nobody appeared for personal hearing. Since enough opportunity was granted on the appellent, proceed to decide the appear on the basis of the substitutions under during earlier hearing and the documents available on cread.
- 5. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case, grounds of appeal, authorisions made in the Appeal Mamorandum, submissions made during existent having and documents available on record. The issue to be decided in the present appeal is whether the impurped order passed by the adjudicating authority, confirming the demand of Rt. A46,989, against the appellant along with interest and penalty, in the facts and circumstance of the case is legal and proper or otherwise. The demands of Rt. A67,890 against the profit soft period for 2015-16.
- 6. It is chasewed that the entire demand has been raised on the basis of third party dath. The incomes of the 3.097;152/h- earned by the appellant in the E.Y. 2015-16 and reflected under the head faste of derival in the IT Rhs. Descencioned as a trassistionness. The appellant, however, claim that during said period they were engaged in trading of share a securities. They define this securities per contention they define the securities proceed under the definition of groader defined under Scalon 68 (20) and since trading of share and securities being sale of goods, are excluded from the definition of servicer defined under Clause (44) of Section 630 of the FA. 1994. Hence, they are not liable to discharge any service tax on the income aneand through study goods.
- 6.1 The appellant submitted Ledgers of State Balance Sales, Sale of Securities, Balance Sheet, Profit & Loss Account, ITR

above documents and it is observed that the appellant in that Profit. 8. Los account have above Sales income of Rs. 303/1564. Out of which Rs.23,008.131/is shown as income from Share delivery and Rs. 736.530/i is shown as income from Share trading SARS. I find that Sarve Delivery Sale 8. Share trading is in respect of sale of shares which is considered as goods and not a service. The term Service is defined under clause (64) sales.

"service" means any activity carried out by a person for another for consideration, and includes a declared service, but shall not include—

- (a) an activity which constitutes merely.—
 - a transfer of title in goods or immovable property, by way of sale, gift or in any other manner, or
 - such transfer, delivery or supply of any goods which is deemed to be a sale within the meaning of clause (29A) of Article 366 of the Constitution, or
 - (iii) a transaction in money or actionable claim:
- a provision of service by an employee to the employer in the course of or in relation to his employment;
- fees taken in any Court or tribunal established under any law for the time being in force.
- 6.2 Further, I find that 'goods' is defined in clause (25) of Section 658 as;

"goods" means every kind of movable property other than actionable claim and money, and includes securities, growing crops, grass, and things attached to or forming part of the land which are agreed to be severed before sale or under the contract of sale:

- 6.3 Similarly, I find that 'Securities' has the meaning assigned in clause (h) of Section 2 of the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 as:
 - (h) "securities" include—
 - shares, scrips, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or other marketable securities of a like nature in or of any incorporated company or other body corporate;
- 6.4 The appellant has samed income of Re3.097.163.F. from sale of shares & securities. Since shares are also a type of security. If find the thye an conveed under the scope of the definition of term 'goods' defined in clause (25) which explicitly includes securities. Further, sale of goods being excluded from the scope of the definition of 'santice', I find that the above income of Re3.097.163.F. exmed from sale of share of 'santing of shares cannot not the considered a tassile income considering the explicit inclusion in the definition of goods and exclusion given in the definition of 'santice', and 'santing a second of the school of

- In view of the foregoing, I find that the appellant is not liable to pay service tax amounting to Rs.4,49,089/- on the above disputed income.
- When the demand does not sustain, question of interest and penalties also does not arise. Accordingly, I find that the impugned order confirming the service tax demand of Rs.4,49,089/- alongwith interest and penalties is not sustainable on merits.
- In view of the above discussion, I set-aside the impugned order and allow the appeal of the appellant.
- अपीसकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की नहें अपीस का निपटारा उपरोक्त क्षरिके से किया जाता है। The appeal filed by the appellant stands disposed off in above terms.

सामक (अपीना)

Date: 25.10.2023

Respondent

Attested



Superintendent (Appeals) CGST, Ahmedabad

By RPAD/SPEED POST

To,



The Assistant Commissioner, Central GST, Division L Ahmedabad North

Ahmedabad - 382470

Copy to:

- The Principal Chief Commissioner, Central GST, Ahmedabad Zone.
- 2. The Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad North.
- The Assistant Commissioner (H.Q. System), CGST, Ahmedabad North. (For uploading the OIA)

A Guard File



